Second Supplement to Memorandum 90-105

Subject: Study L-1036 - Probate Attorney Fees

Background

The counsel to the Senate Judiciary Committee has suggested that Assembly Bill 831 (probate attorney fees) be revised to eliminate the material relating to trustees fees and to eliminate any other unnecessary material from the bill. This will permit the committee to readily examine the provisions relating to probate attorney fees.

Unless there is some compelling reason to require a different decision, the staff believes that it is essential that the bill be simplified by revising it to read in substance as set out in Exhibit 1 attached. We are sending this revision out now even though the committee counsel has not yet reviewed the revision so that interested persons will have an opportunity to review it. We urge the Commission to approve this revision at the July meeting.

Delaying Operative Date Until July 1, 1991

One reason that Assembly Bill 831 is so long is that it is drafted to become operative on January 1, 1991. The result is that it is necessary to include duplicate provisions, some of which amend or add provisions to the existing Probate Code which will be repealed on July 1, 1991 (to cover the period from January 1, 1991, to June 30, 1991), and other provisions which enact the same amendments or additions to the new Probate Code (to apply after June 30, 1991).

If Assembly Bill 831 is revised to become operative on July 1, 1991, its bulk can be reduced considerably (from 34 pages to about 9 pages) without losing anything except the earlier operative date. Moreover, as a matter of policy, in view of the delay in enacting Assembly Bill 831, the delayed operative date would be desirable to permit lawyers and judges to become familiar with the new law and to give the Judicial Council time to develop the necessary forms. Accordingly, the staff believes that it is essential that the operative date of the bill be delayed until July 1, 1991.

Trustee's Fees

Assembly Bill 759 (new Probate Code) already contains all of the recommended provisions in Assembly Bill 831 concerning trustee's fees (except for the provision found in the first section of AB 831). Accordingly, we can delete the duplicated provisions from Assembly Bill 831 and retain in Assembly Bill 831 only the provision relating to trustees fees which is now found in the first section of the bill.

Personal Representative's Fees

Assembly Bill 759 (new Probate Code) already contains all of the recommended provisions in Assembly Bill 831 relating to compensation of personal representatives. Accordingly, we can delete the duplicated provisions from Assembly Bill 831.

Probate Attorney Fees

The new Probate Code (Assembly Bill 759) was drafted on the assumption that the Commission's recommendation on attorney fees would be enacted, and it already includes many of the provisions that are included in Assembly Bill 831 and which can be deleted if the July 1, 1991, operative date is approved.

Assembly Bill 831 must contain the new chapter on probate attorney fees (pages 12-16) of Exhibit 1. Two other sections of the new Probate Code require amendment to reflect the change in the operative date of Assembly Bill 831 from January 1 to July 1 (see Section 10406 on page 35 of Exhibit 1 and Section 10850 on page 36 of Exhibit 1). In addition, so that the members of the Senate Judiciary Committee will have before them two other key provisions of the Commission's recommendation, the staff recommended amendment would would make technical revisions in two other sections of the new Probate Code (see Section 10585.5 on pages 35 and 36 of Exhibit 1) and Section 10900 (on pages 36 and 37 of Exhibit 1).

What Happens if AB 831 is Not Enacted

As pointed out in Memorandum 90-105, the staff is seeking to have Senate Bill 1775 amended so that the new Probate Code will go into

effect even though Assembly Bill 831 is not enacted. The amendment to Senate Bill 1775 would add to that bill a provision that prior law governing probate attorney fees will govern if Assembly Bill 831 is not enacted. Attached as Exhibit 2 are amendments to Senate Bill 1775 to accomplish this result (the relevant portion is marked). provided the counsel to Senator Lockyer with a copy of the amendments, and he is now reviewing them. The amendments do not provide a complete statement of the law governing probate attorney fees. If Assembly Bill 831 is not enacted, the Commission should recommend an urgency bill next session to insert detailed provisions based on existing law in place of the concise statement concerning probate attorney fees that would be added by the amendment to Senate Bill 1775. In any event, an urgency bill will be necessary next session to revise the new Probate Code to pick up the revisions made in the existing Probate Code (but not in the new Probate Code) by bills enacted this session sponsored by groups other than the Commission.

Respectfully submitted,

John H. DeMoully Executive Secretary

2nd Sopp 90-105 Exhibit 1

AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 19, 1990 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 18, 1990 AMENDED IN SENATE JANUARY 11, 1990 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 1, 1989 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 1, 1989

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-1989-90 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 831

Introduced by Assembly Member Harris

February 22, 1989

An act to amend Section 2051 of the Financial Code, and to amend Sections amend and repeal Sections 7623, 7662, 7666, 8484, 8547, 0651. 10406, 10501, 10900, 10954, 11000, 11008, 12905, 15640, 15649 10000, and 17200 of, to add and ropeal Sections 10404.5, 10565. 19595.5, 15645; and 15686 to of, to add and repeal Chapter 2.5. (commencing with Section 9680) to Part 5 of Division 7 of, and to add and repeal Part 7 (commencing with Section 10800) to Division 7 of, and to repeal Part 15 (commencing with Section 900) of Division 2 of, the Probate Code, relating to probate law.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 831, as amended, Harris. Probate: estates and trusts. (1) Existing law regarding the administration of estates provides for the order of payment of obligations of the estate by the public administrator, the powers and duties of the personal representative, the compensation of the personal representative, the hiring of attorneys and other assistants to aid the personal representative in the administration of the estate, and court supervision of the personal representative.

This bill would revise the law with regard to those

10850, and to add Chapter 2.5 the Probabe Code an added by Chapter 79 of the Statutes of 1990;

10406, 10585.5,

provisions. The bill, contingent upon the enactment of a new Probate Code by AB 759, would add similar provisions to that new Probate Code on its operative date relative to the hiring of attorneys and other assistants to aid the personal representative in the administration of the estate.

(2) Under existing law, if a bank is sold, the selling and purchasing banks are required to enter into an agreement that contain the terms and conditions of the sale. That agreement may provide for the transfer of all trusts to the purchasing bank.

This bill would provide that if a trust is transferred under the agreement, the transfer is good cause for removal of the trustee.

(3) Under existing law, a trustee may resign only in specified instances, including with the consent of beneficiaries.

The bill would provide that if a beneficiary has a conservator, the conservator may consent to the trustee's resignation on behalf of the conservatee without obtaining court approval.

(4) Existing law provides for the removal of a trustee in accordance with the trust instrument, by the court on its own motion, or on the petition of a cotrustee or beneficiary, for specified grounds.

This bill would also provide for removal of a trustee on petition of a settlor, and would add excessive compensation to the grounds for the removal of a trustee.

- (5) The bill would provide that in proceedings to remove a trustee of an irrevocable trust and transfer administration to a trust company, the court may award the petitioners costs and attorney's fees, to be paid by the trustee or the trust, as determined by the court, if all the adult beneficiaries of the trust had previously requested the trustee to transfer administration of the trust to a trust company.
- (6) Under existing law, if a trust has no trustee or if a vacancy is required to be filled, the vacancy shall be filled as provided in the trust instrument, or the court may appoint a trustee.

This bill would provide that a vacancy not filled as provided in the trust instrument may be filled by a trust company that has agreed to accept the trust on agreement of all adult beneficiaries, as specified.

(7) The bill would provide that a trustee may not charge an increased trustee's fee unless the trustee first gives at least 60 days' written notice to each affected beneficiary.

(8) The bill would also provide for judicial review of a

trustee's compensation.

(9) Specified provisions of the bill would be repealed on July 1, 1991.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 2051 of the Financial Code is 1 amended to read:

(a) The selling and purchasing banks shall 4 enter into an agreement of purchase and sale which shall 5 contain all the terms and conditions of the sale and 6 contain proper provision for the payment of all liabilities of the selling bank, or of the business, branch, or branch business sold, and proper provision for the assumption by the purchasing bank of all fiduciary and trust obligations 10 of the selling bank, or business, branch, or branch business sold. The agreement may provide for the 12 transfer of all deposits of the selling bank or of the 13 business, branch, or branch business sold to the 14 purchasing bank, subject to the right of every depositor 15 of the selling bank or of the business, branch, or branch 16 business so sold to withdraw the deposit in full on demand after such transfer, irrespective of the terms under which it was deposited with the selling bank, and may provide for the transfer of all court and private trusts so sold to the purchasing bank.

(b) If a trust is transferred under this section, the transfer is good cause for removal of the trustee under the Trust Law, Division 9 (commencing with Section 15000) of the Probate Code.

SEC. 2. Part 15 (commencing with Section 500) of Division 2 of the Probate Code is repealed

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SEC. 3. Section 7623 of the Probate Code is amended 1 to read: 3

7623. V As used in this section, "additional (a) compensation" means the difference between the reasonable compensation of the public administrator in administering the estate and the compensation awarded the public administrator under Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 10800) of Part 7.

(b) The public administrator may be awarded additional compensation if any of the following

conditions are satisfied:

(1) A person having priority for appointment as personal representative has been given notice under 13 14 Section 8110 of the public administrator's petition for appointment, and the person has not petitioned for 15 appointment in preference to the public administrator.

(2) The public administrator has been appointed after the resignation or removal of a personal representative.

SEC. 4. Section 7662 of the Propate Code is amended to read:

7662. The public administrator acting under 22 authority of this article shall pay out the money of the estate, in the order prescribed in Section 11420, for expenses of administration, charges against the estate. and claims presented to the public administrator before distribution of the decedent's property pursuant to Section 7663. A creditor whose claim is paid under this subdivision is not liable for contribution to a creditor whose claim is presented after the payment.

SEC. 5. Section 7566 of the Probate Code is amended

31 to read: 32

7666. (a) Except as provided in Section 7633 and in subdivision (b), the compensation payable to the public administrator, for the filing of an application pursuant to this article and for performance of any duty or selvice connected therewith, is that set out in Park (commencing with Section 10800).

(b) The public administrator is entitled to a minimum compensation of three hundred fifty dollars (\$350).

SEC/6. Section 8404 of the Probate Code is amended

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(a) Before letters are issued, the person 3 representative (other than a trust company or a public administrator) shall file an acknowledgment of receipt of a statement of duties and liabilities of the office of personal representative. The statement shall be in the form prescribed by the Judicial Council.

(b) The court may by local rule require the acknowledgment of receipt to include the personal 10 representative's ocial security number and driver's 11 license number, if any, provided that the court ensures

their confidentiality.

(c) The statement of duties and liabilities prescribed 14 by the Judicial Council does not supersede the law on which the statement is based.

SEC. 7. Section 8547 of the Propate Code is amended to read:

8547. (a) Subject to the limitations of this section, the court shall fix the competitation of the special administrator.

(b) The compensation of the special administrator shall not be allowed until the close of administration, unless the general personal representative joins in the petition for allowancy of the special administrator's compensation or the court in its discretion so allows. 26 Compensation for extraordinary services of a special 27 administrator may be allowed on settlement of the final account of the special administrator. 29 compensation said to the special administrator and general personal representative shall not, together, exceed the sams provided in Part 7 (commencing with 32 Section 108(0) for compensation for the ordinary and 33 extraordinary services of a personal representative. If the same person does not act as both special administrator and general personal representative, the compensation shall be divided in such proportions as the court determines to be just or as may be agreed to by the special administrator and general personai representative.

SEC. 8. Section 9651 of the Probate Code is amended

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read:

651. (a) A personal representative who in good faith 3 take into possession real or personal property, and reasonably believes that the property is part of the estate of the decedent, is not:

(1) Criminally liable for so doing.

(2) Civily liable to any person for so doing.

(b) The personal representative shall A reasonable efforts to determine the true nature of, and

title to, the property so taken into possession

- (c) During his or her possession, the personal 11 12 representative is entitled to receive all reats, issues, and 13 profits of the property. If the property is later 14 determined not to be part of the estate of the decedent. 15 the personal representative shall deliver the property, or 16 cause it to be delivered, to the person legally entitled to 17 it, together with all rents, issue, and profits of the 18 property received by the personal representative, less 19 any expenses incurred in proteing and maintaining the 20 property and in collecting repres issues, and profits. The personal representative may request court approval 21 22 before delivering the propert pursuant to this 23 subdivision.
- (d) The court may allow the personal representative 25 reasonable compensation for services rendered in 26 connection with the futies specified in his section as to property later determined not to be part of the estate of 28 the decedent, if the court makes one of the following 29 findings:
- The services were of benefit to the extate. If the (1)31 court makes this finding, the compensation and the 32 expenses and costs of litigation, including attorney's fees 33 of the attorney hired by the personal representative to 34 handle he matter, are a proper expense administration.
- (2) The services were essential to preserve, protect, 37 and maintain the property. If the court makes this finding, the court shall award compensation and the expenses and costs of litigation, including attorney's fee f the attorney hired by the personal representative to

1 handle the matter, as an expense deductible from the 2 rents, issues, and profits received by the personal representative, or, if these are insufficient, as a light against the property.

SEC. Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 9580) is added to Part 5 of Division 7 of the Probate Code, to тead:

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HIRING AND PAYING ATTOMNEYS, CHAPTER 2.5. Advisers, and Others

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9680. (a) Except as restricted or otherwise provided by the will or by court order and subject to subdivision 14 (b) and to Section 10804, the personal representative, acting reasonably for the benefit of the estate and in the 16 best interest of interested persons, way hire persons to 17 advise or assist the personal representative in the 18 administration of the estate, //including attorneys, accountants, auditors, technical advisers, investment advisers, or other experts or agents, even if they are associated or affiliated with the personal representative.

(b) A provision in the vil directing the personal representative to hire a particular person to advise or 24 assist the personal representative in the administration of 25 the estate is not binding on the personal representative, and the personal representative loay, but is not required

to, hire that person.

(a) The compensation of persons hired under 29 Section 9680, including the attorney for the personal 30 representative, shall be determined by agreement 31 between the personal representative and the person 32 hired, and, except as provided in Section 9684 and in 33 Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 11000) of Part 8, is not subject to approval or review by the court.

(b) Subject to Section 9682, if the decedent's will 36 makes provision for the compensation of a person hired under Section 9680, including the attorned for the personal representative, the compensation provided by the will shall be the full and only compensation for the

services of that person.

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(a) The personal representative or a person hired under Section 9680, including the attorney for the personal representative, may petition the court to be relieved from a provision of the decedent's will that 5 provides for the compensation of a person hired under Section 9680 or for relief from some other restriction or other limiting provision of the will on the hiring of persons by the personal representative.

(b) Notice of the hearing on the petition shall be given as provided in Section 1220 to all of the following persons:

(1) Each person listed in Section 1290.

(2) Each known heir whose interest in the estate would be affected by the petition.

(3) Each known device whose interest in the estate

would be affected by the petition

(4) The Attorney General, at the office of the Attorney General in Sacramento, if any portion of the estate is to 18 escheat to the state and its interest in the estate would be affected by the petition.

(c) If the court determine that it is to the advantage of the estate and in the best interest of the interested

persons, the court may make an order:

(1) Granting relief from the restriction or other 24 limiting provision of the will upon the terms and conditions the court specifies in the order.

(2) Authorizing compensation for the person hired under Section 9680 in an amount greater than provided

in the will.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the personal representative may pay persons hired under Section 9680 out of funds of the state as a

proper expense of administration.

(b) If a person, including an attorney, is hired to assist 34 the personal epresentative in the performance of the services of the personal representative for which the personal representative is compensated under Part 7 (commenting with Section 10800), the person hired shall 38 be paid out of the personal representative's own funds and not out of the funds of the estate, except that, at the request of the personal representative, the court may

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order payment out of the estate directly to the person assisting the personal representative in the performance of these services, the payment to be charged against and deducted from the compensation that otherwise would be paid to the personal representative.

(c) Nothing in subdivision (b) limits the authority of the personal representative to pay out of funds of the estate for services of tax counsel, tax auditors, accountants, or other tax experts hired for the providing of services in the computation, reporting, or making of tax returns, or in negotiations which may be necessary for the final determination and payment of taxes.

9684. (a) Subject to Section 1059, and to subdivision (f) of this section, on petition of the personal representative or an interested ferson, the court shall review the following as requested in the petition:

(1) The propriety of employment by the personal representative of any person under Section 9680 who has been or is to be paid out of funds of the estate.

(2) The reasonableness of the agreed compensation under subdivision (a) of Section 9681 of any person who has been or is to be paid out of funds of the estate.

(b) Notice of the hearing on the petition shall be given as provided in Section 220 to alk of the following persons:

(1) The person whose employment or compensation is in question.

(2) Each person listed in Section 1220.

(3) Each know heir whose interests in the estate is affected by the retition.

(4) Each known devisee whose interests in the estate is affected by the petition.

(5) The Aftorney General, by mail at the office of the Attorney General in Sacramento, if any portion of the estate is to escheat to the state and its interest in the estate is affected by the petition.

(c) On hearing the petition, the court shall approve the agreed compensation unless the court determines that the agreed compensation is unreasonable in right of the work to be performed for the estate. If the work has already been performed and the court has not previously

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reviewed the agreed compensation, the court 2 defermine whether the agreed compensation 3 unre sonable in light of the work actually performed for 4 the extate. In making the determination as to the reasonableness of the compensation in the case of the attorney for the personal representative, the court shall be guided by Rule 4-200 of the Rules of Professional Conduct of the State Bar of California dees for legal services). It the court determines that the agreed compensation is unreasonable, the court shall fix a 11 reasonable amount as compensation.

(d) If the court determines that the attorney for the 13 personal representative has r#ceived 14 compensation, the court shall order the attorney to make an appropriate refund. If the count determines that a person other than the attorney for the personal representative has releived excessive compensation, an order for the refund of the excessive compensation may be obtained only in a proceeding under Section 9684.5. 19

(e) Except as provided in subdivision (f), nothing in this section limits the right to contest the account of the personal representative under Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 11000) of Part 8.

(f) The petitioner and all persons to whom notice of the hearing on the petition was given pursuant to subdivision (b) are bound by he determination of the court under this section.

9684.5. (a) Any interested person may commence a proceeding under this section to obtain an order that a person determined by the court to have received excessive compensation make an appropriate refund. The proceeding under this section may be combined with the proceeding brought to determine whether the compensation is excessive. There shall be no additional filing fee if the petition under this section is combined with the other proceeding.

(b) A proceeding under this section shall be commenced by filing a petition requesting that an order be mide under this section and referring to the other proceeding brought to determine whether

1 compensation is excessive.

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(A Not less than 30 days before the hearing, the petitioner shall do both of the following:

(1) Cause notice of the hearing and a copy of the petition to be mailed to the personal representative and to any other petitioner in the other proceeding to determine whether the compensation is excessive.

- (2) Cause a sammons and a copy of the petition to be served on the person whose compensation is claimed to be excessive. The summons shall be in the form and shall be served in the manner prescribed in Title 5 (commencing with Section 410.10) of Part 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (d) If the court determines that the person who 15 received excessive compensation should make an appropriate refund, the court shall so order. The order is a judgment that may be enforced against the person 18 ordered to make the refund.
- (e) An order that the attorney for the personal 20 representative make an appropriate refund may be made without compliance with the requirements of this section.
- 9685. Nothing in this chapter limits the right of an attorney to decline to be the attorney for the personal 25 representative or the right of an attorney to withdraw as 26 the attorney for the personal representative, and, in such case, the attorney is entitled to reasonable compensation 28 for the legal services actually provided.

(a) This chapter does not apply in any proceeding for administration of a decedent's estate commended before January 1, 1991.

(b) Notwithstanding its amendment or repeal by this 33 act, the applicable law in effect before January 1, 1991, governing the subject matter of this chapter continue to apply in any proceeding for administration of a occdent's estate commenced before january 1, 1991.

Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 9680) is added to Part 5 of Division 7 of the Probate Code proposed by Assembly Bill 700 of the 1000 on Degaler

40 Session to read:

, as added by chapter 79 of the Statutes of 1990

CHAPTER 2.5. HIRING AND PAYING ATTORNEYS, ADVISERS, AND OTHERS

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(a) Except as restricted or otherwise provided by the will or by court order and subject to subdivision (b) and to Section 10804, the personal representative, acting reasonably for the benefit of the estate and in the 9 best interest of interested persons, may hire persons to 10 advise or assist the personal representative in the 11 administration of the estate, including attorneys, accountants, auditors, technical advisers, investment advisers, or other experts or agents, even if they are 14 associated or affiliated with the personal representative.

(b) A provision in the will directing the personal 16 representative to hire a particular person to advise or assist the personal representative in the administration of the estate is not binding on the personal representative, and the personal representative may, but is not required

20 to, hire that person.

(a) The compensation of persons hired under Section 9680, including the attorney for the personal 23 representative, shall be determined by agreement 24 between the personal representative and the person hired, and, except as provided in Section 9684 and in Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 11000) of Part 8, is not subject to approval or review by the court.

(b) Subject to Section 9682, if the decedent's will makes provision for the compensation of a person hired under Section 9680, including the attorney for the personal representative, the compensation provided by the will shall be the full and only compensation for the

33 services of that person.

(a) The personal representative or a person hired under Section 9680, including the attorney for the 36 personal representative, may petition the court to be relieved from a provision of the decedent's will that provides for the compensation of a person hired under 39 Section 9680 or for relief from some other restriction or 40 other limiting provision of the will on the hiring of persons by the personal representative.

(b) Notice of the hearing on the petition shall be given as provided in Section 1220 to all of the following persons:

(1) Each person listed in Section 1220.

(2) Each known heir whose interest in the estate would be affected by the petition.

(3) Each known devisee whose interest in the estate

would be affected by the petition.

(4) The Attorney General, at the office of the Attorney General in Sacramento, if any portion of the estate is to escheat to the state and its interest in the estate would be affected by the petition.

(c) If the court determines that it is to the advantage 14 of the estate and in the best interest of the interested

15 persons, the court may make an order:

(1) Granting relief from the restriction or other limiting provision of the will upon the terms and conditions the court specifies in the order.

(2) Authorizing compensation for the person hired under Section 9680 in an amount greater than provided

in the will.

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9683. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the personal representative may pay persons hired under Section 9680 out of funds of the estate as a

proper expense of administration.

(b) If a person, including an attorney, is hired to assist the personal representative in the performance of the services of the personal representative for which the personal representative is compensated under Part 7 (commencing with Section 10800), the person hired shall be paid out of the personal representative's own funds and not out of the funds of the estate, except that, at the request of the personal representative, the court may order payment out of the estate directly to the person assisting the personal representative in the performance of these services, the payment to be charged against and deducted from the compensation that otherwise would 38 be paid to the personal representative.

(c) Nothing in subdivision (b) limits the authority of the personal representative to pay out of funds of the

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estate for services of tax counsel, tax auditors, accountants, or other tax experts hired for the providing 3 of services in the computation, reporting, or making of tax returns, or in negotiations which may be necessary for the final determination and payment of taxes. 6

(a) Subject to Section 10590 and to subdivision of this section, on petition of the personal representative or an interested person, the court shall review the following as requested in the petition:

(1) The propriety of employment by the personal representative of any person under Section 9680 who has been or is to be paid out of funds of the estate.

(2) The reasonableness of the agreed compensation 14 under subdivision (a) of Section 9681 of any person who has been or is to be paid out of funds of the estate.

(b) Notice of the hearing on the petition shall be given as provided in Section 1220 to all of the following persons:

- (1) The person whose employment or compensation is in question.
 - (2) Each person listed in Section 1220.
- (3) Each known heir whose interest in the estate 21 22 would be affected by the petition. 23
 - (4) Each known devisee whose interests in the estate would be affected by the petition.
 - (5) The Attorney General, at the office of the Attorney General in Sacramento, if any portion of the estate is to escheat to the state and its interest in the estate would be affected by the petition.
- (c) On hearing the petition, the court shall approve 30 the agreed compensation unless the court determines that the agreed compensation is unreasonable in light of 31 32 the work to be performed for the estate. If the work has 33 already been performed and the court has not previously 34 reviewed the agreed compensation, the court shall 35 determine whether the agreed compensation 36 unreasonable in light of the work actually performed for 37 the estate. In making the determination as to the 38 reasonableness of the compensation in the case of the 39 attorney for the personal representative, the court shall 40 be guided by Rule 4-200 of the Rules of Professional

1 Conduct of the State Bar of California (fees for legal 2 services). If the court determines that the agreed-3 compensation is unreasonable, the court shall fix a 4 reasonable amount as compensation.

- (d) If the court determines that the attorney for the personal representative has received excessive compensation, the court shall order the attorney to make an appropriate refund. If the court determines that a person other than the attorney for the personal representative has received excessive compensation, an order for the refund of the excessive compensation may be obtained only in a proceeding under Section 9684.5.
- (e) Except as provided in subdivision (f), nothing in this section limits the right to contest the account of the personal representative under Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 11000) of Part 8.

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- (f) The petitioner and all persons to whom notice of the hearing on the petition was given pursuant to subdivision (b) are bound by the determination of the court under this section.
- 9684.5. (a) Any interested person may commence a proceeding under this section to obtain an order that a person determined by the court to have received excessive compensation make an appropriate refund. The proceeding under this section may be combined with the proceeding brought to determine whether the compensation is excessive. There shall be no additional filing fee if the petition under this section is combined with the other proceeding.
- (b) A proceeding under this section shall be commenced by filing a petition requesting that an order be made under this section and referring to the other proceeding brought to determine whether the compensation is excessive.
- (c) Not less than 30 days before the hearing, the petitioner shall do both of the following:
- (1) Cause notice of the hearing and a copy of the petition to be mailed to the personal representative and to any other petitioner in the other proceeding to determine whether the compensation is excessive.

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- (2) Cause a summons and a copy of the petition to be served on the person whose compensation is claimed to 3 be excessive. The summons shall be in the form and shall 4 be served in the manner prescribed in Title 5 (commencing with Section 410.10) of Part 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (d) If the court determines that the person who 8 received excessive compensation should make an 9 appropriate refund, the court shall so order. The order is 10 a judgment that may be enforced against the person 11 ordered to make the refund.
- 12 (e) An order that the attorney for the personal 13 representative make an appropriate refund may be made 14 without compliance with the requirements of this 15 section. 16

Nothing in this chapter limits the right of an 9685. 17 attorney to decline to be the attorney for the personal 18 representative or the right of an attorney to withdraw as 19 the attorney for the personal representative, and, in such 20 case, the attorney is entitled to reasonable compensation 21 for the legal services actually provided.

9686. (a) This chapter does not apply in any 23 proceeding for administration of a decedent's estate 24 commenced before January 1, 1991.

(b) Notwithstanding its repeal, the applicable law in 26 effect before January 1, 1991, governing the subject matter of this chapter continues to apply in any proceeding for administration of a decedent's estate 29 commenced before January I, 1991. OCOT. This chapter shall not become opera

31 Assembly Bill 759 of the 1989-90 Regular Session is 32 enacted and establishes a new Probate Code in which 33 case this chapter shall become operative or the same date

34 that the Probate Code added by Assembly Bill 759 35

becomes operative.

SEC. 10. Section 10404 added to the Probate Code, 36 37 to read:

10404.5. Notwithstanding any provision of the 38 decedent's will, the personal representative is authorized 40 to exercise under the provisions of this part he power

granted by Section 10565, whether or not the personal representative has been granted authority to administer the estate under this part.

SEC. V1. Section 10406 of the Probate Code is amended to read:

10406. (a) Subject to subdivision (c), this part applies in all of the **Yollowing** cases:

(1) Where authority to administer the estate is granted under this part.

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(2) Where authority to administer the state was granted under former Sections 591.1 to 591.9, inclusive, of the Probate Code on a petition filed after Japuary 1, 1985.

(3) Where authority was granted prior/to January 1, 14 1985, to administer the estate under the Independent Administration of Estates Act and one of the following requirements is satisfied:

(A) A petition was filed under former Section 591.1 of the Probate Code after January 1, 1985, requesting that the personal representative be authorized to administer the estate under the Independent Administration of Estates Act in effect at the time the petition was filed, and the petition was granted.

(B) A petition is filed under this part requesting that the personal representative be authorized to administer the estate under this part, and the petition is granted.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of subdivision (a), a personal representative who was granted authority prior to January 1, 1985, to administer the estate under the Independent Administration of Estates Act shall continue to administer the estate under the provisions of the Independent Administration of Estates Act that were applicable at the time the petition was granted.

(c) If the personal representative was granted independent administration authority prior to July 1, 1988, the personal representative may use that existing authority on and after July 1, 1988, to borrow money on a loan secured by an encumbrance upon real property, whether or not that existing authority includes the authority to sell real property.

(d) Sections 10404.5, 10565, and 10585.5 as enacted by

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the act that added this subdivision, and Section 10501 as 2 amended by the act that added this subdivision, do not 3 apply to any proceeding for administration of a 4 decedent's estate commenced before January 1, 1991. 5 Section 10501, as that section existed prior to its 6 amendment by the act that added this subdivision, 7 continues to apply in any proceeding for administration 8 of a decedent's estate commenced before January 1, 1991, 9 notwithstanding its amendment by the act that added 10 this subdivision.

SEC. 12. Section 10501 of the Probate Code is 12 amended to read:

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of 10501. 14 this part, whether the personal representative has been granted full authority or limited authority, a personal 16 representative who has obtained authority to administer the estate under this part is required to obtain court supervision, in the manner provided in this code, for any of the following actions:

- (I) Allowance of perional representative's 21 compensation.
 - (2) Settlement of accounts.
 - (3) Preliminary and final distributions and discharge.
- 24 (4) Sale of property of the estate to the personal 25 representative or to the attorney for the personal 26 representative.
- (5) Exchange of property of the estate for property of 28 the personal representative or for property of the attorney for the personal representative.
- (6) Grant of an option to purchase property of the 31 estate to the personal representative or to the attorney 32 for the personal representative.
- (7) Allowance, payment, or compromise of a claim of 34 the personal epresentative, or the attorney for the 35 personal representative, against the estate.
- 36(8) Compromise or settlement of a claim, action, or 37 proceeding by the estate against the 38 representative or against the attorney for the personal 39 representative. 40
 - (9) Extension, renewal, or modification of the terms of

1 a debt or other obligation of the personal representative, 2 or the attorney for the personal representative, owing to or in favor of the decedent or the estate.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, a personal representative who has obtained only limited authority to dminister the estate under this part is required to obtain court supervision, in the manner provided in this code, for any of the following actions:
 - (1) Sale of real property.

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- (2) Exchange of real property.
- (3) Grant of an option to purchase real property.
- (4) Borrowing money with the loan secured by an 13 encumbrance upon real property.
- (c) Paragraphs (4) th (9), inclusive, of subdivision (a) 15 do not apply to a transaction between the personal 16 representative as such and the personal representative as an individual where all of the following requirements are 18 satisfied:
- 19 (1) Either (A) the personal representative is the sole 20 beneficiary of the estate of (B) all the known heirs or devisees have consented to the transaction.
 - (2) The period for filing creditor claims has expired.
 - (3) No request for special notice is on file or all persons who filed a request for special notice have consented to the transaction.
- (4) The claim of each creditor who filed a claim has been paid, settled, or withdrawn, or the creditor has 28 consented to the transaction.
- (d) Subdivision (a) does not apply to the hiring and 30 paying of persons, including the attorned for the personal 31 representative, hired under Section 9600 to advise or 32 assist the personal representative in the administration of 33 the estate.
- section 10565 is added to the Probate Code, 34 SEC. 13. 35 to read:
- a) Subject to Section 10804, the personal 10565. 37 representative has the power to hire persons to advise or 38 assist in the administration of the estate, including 39 attorneys, accountants, auditors, technical advisers, 40 investment advisers, or other experts or agents, even if

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they are associated or affiliated with the personal representative. ઉ

(b) The personal representative has the power to 4 agree to and pay the compensation of the persons described in subdivision (a) out of funds of the estate unless the person is hired to assist the personal representative in the performance of services of the personal representative for which the personal representative \ is compensated ander Part (commencing with Section 10800).

11 SEC. 14. Section 10585.5 is added to the Probate Code. 12 to read:

13 10585.5. (a) If, pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 14 10580, the personal representative gives notice of 15 proposed action with espect to the exercise of the powers granted by Section 10565 (hiring and paying 17 attorneys, advisers, and others to advise or assist in the 18 administration of the estate:

(1) The notice of proposed action shall include, in 20 addition to the information required by Section 10585, an estimate of the total amount of compensation to be paid 22 to the person hired.

(2) If the person bired is an attorney, each person 24 given notice of proposed action shall also be provided 25 with a copy of the watten fee contract made pursuant to Section 6148 of the Business and Professions Code.

(3) If the person hired is not an attorney, each person given notice of proposed action shall also be provided 28 29 with a copy of the written contract, if any, governing the 30 hiring and compensation.

(b) If it appears that the total amount of compensation 32 to be paid to the person hired will exceed the amount of 33 the last previous estimate given in a notice of proposed 34 action, the personal representative may give another notice of proposed action stating a new estimate of the 36 total amount of compensation to be paid to the person.

(c) Section 10590 does not apply to the extent that the 38 compensation paid or to be paid exceeds the amount of the estimate contained in the notice of proposed action most recently given.

SEC 15. Part 7 (commencing with Section 19800) is added the Division 7 of the Probate Code, to read:

PART 7. COMPENSATION OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE

CHAPTER 1. AMOUNT OF COMPENSATION

(a) Subject to the provisions of this part, for ordinary services the personal representative shall receive compensation based on the value of the estate accounted for by the personal representative, as follows:

(1) Four percent on the first fifteen thousand dollars

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(2) Three percent on the next eighty-five thousand dollars (\$85,000). 16

(3) Two percent on the next nine hundred thousand 18 dollars (\$900,000).

(4) One percent on the next nine million dollars (\$9,000,000).

(5) One-half of one percent of the next fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000).

all above twenty-live million (6) For (\$25,000,000), a reasonable amount to be determined by 25 the court.

(b) For the purposes of this section, the value of the estate accounted for by the personal representative is the 28 total amount of the appraisal of property in the inventory, 29 plus gains over the appraisal value on sales, plus receipts, 30 less losses from the appraisal value on sales, without 31 reference to elcumbrances or other obligations on estate property.

10801. Subject to the provisions of the part, in 34 addition to the compensation provided by Section 10800, 35 the court may allow additional compensation for extraordidary services by the personal representative in an amount the court determines is just and reasonable.

10802 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this 39 section if the decedent's will makes provision for the compensation of the personal representative,

1 compensation provided by the will shall be the full and 2 only compensation for the services of the personal 3 representative.

(b) The personal representative may petition the court to be relieved from a provision of the will that provides for the compensation of the personal representative.

(c) Notice of the hearing on the petition shall be given as provided in Section 1220 to all of the following persons:

(1) Each person listed in Section 1229

(2) Each known heir whose interest in the estate would be affected by the petition.

(3) Each known devisee whose interest in the estate

would be affected by the petition

(4) The Attorney General, at the office of the Attorney General in Sacramento, if any portion of the estate is to escheat to the state and its interest in the estate would be affected by the petition.

(d) If the court determines that it is to the advantage of the estate and in the best interest of the persons interested in the estate, the court may make an order authorizing compensation for the personal representative in an amount greater than provided in the will.

10803. An agreement between the personal representative and an heir or devisee for higher compensation than that provided by this part is void.

10804. Unless expressly authorized by the decedent's will, a personal representative who is an attorney may receive the personal representative's compensation but not compensation for services as the estate attorney.

10805. If there are two or more personal representatives, the personal representative's compensation shall be apportioned among the personal representatives by the court according to the services actually rendered by each personal representative or as agreed to by the personal representatives.

CHAPTER 2. ALLOWANCE OF COMPENSATION BY COURT

(a) At any time after four months from the issuance of letters, the personal representative may file a petition equesting an allowance on the compen ation of the personal representative.

(b) Notice of the hearing on the petition shall be given as provided in Section 1220 to all of the following:

(1) Each person listed in Section 1220

(2) Each known heir whose interest in the estate would be affected by the payment of the compensation.

(3) Each known vevisee whose interest in the estate would be affected by the payment of the compensation.

- (4) The Attorney General, at the office of the Attorney General in Sacramento, any portion of the estate is to escheat to the state and its interest in the estate would be affected by the petition.
- (c) On the hearing, the ourt may make an order 20 allowing the portion of the compensation of the personal 21 representative, on account of services rendered up to 22 that time, that the court determines is proper. The order shall authorize the personal representative to charge against the estate the amount allowed.
- (a) At the time of the kiling of the final 26 account and petition for an order for final distribution, the personal representative may petition the court for an order fixing and allowing the personal representative's compensation for all services rendered in the estate proceeding.
 - (b) The request for compensation may be included in the final account or the petition for final distribution or may be made in a separate petition.
 - (c) Yotice of the hearing on the petition shall be given as provided in Section 1220 to all of the following:
 - (1) Each person listed in Section 1220.
 - (2) Each known heir whose interest in the estate would be affected by the payment of the compensation
 - Each known devisee whose interest in the estate would be affected by the payment of the compensation.

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- The Attorney General, at the office of the Attorney General in Sacramento, if any portion of the estate is to 3 escheal to the state and its interest in the estate would be 4 affected by the petition.
- (d) On the hearing, the court shall make an order 6 fixing and allowing the compensation for all services 7 rendered in the estate proceeding by the personal 8 representative. The order shall authorize the personal 9 representative to charge against the estate the amount 10 allowed, less any amount previously charged against the 11 estate pursuant Section 10830.
- 10832. Notwithstanding Sections 10830 and 10831, the allow compensation to the personal 13 court may 14 representative for extraordinary services before final 15 distribution when any of the following requirements is 16 satisfied:
- (a) It appears likely that administration of the estate 18 will continue, whether due to litigation or otherwise, for 19 an unusually long time.
- (b) Present payment will ben fit the estate or the 21 beneficiaries of the estate.
 - (c) Other good cause is shown.

APPLICATION OF PART Chapter 3.

- 10850. (a) This part does not apply in any proceeding for administration of a decedent sestate commenced before January 1, 1991.
- (b) Notwithstanding its amendment or repeal by this 30 act, the applicable law in effect befor January 1, 1991, 31 governing the subject matter of this part continues to 32 apply in any proceeding for administration of a 33 decedent's estate commenced before January 1, 1991.
- SEC. 16. Section 10900 of the Probate Code is 35 amended to read:
- (a) An account shall include both a financial 10900. 37 statement as provided in subdivision (b) and a report of 38 administration as provided in subdivision (c).
- (b) The financial statement shall include a summary 40 statement, together with supporting schedules, of

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• Property in all inventories.

(2) Receipts, excluding property listed in inventary.

(3) Oains on sales.

- (4) Other acquisitions of property.
- (5) Disbursements.
- (6) Losse on sales.

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- (7) Other dispositions of property.
- (8) Property remaining on hand.
- (c) The report of administration shall state the 11 liabilities of the estate, including creditor claims, the 12 hiring and payment of any persons under Section 9680 13; who have been or art to be paid out of funds of the estate, 14 and all other matters recessary to show the condition of the estate.
 - (d) The statement of liabilities in the report of
 - administration shall include the following information:
 (1) Whether notice to creditors was given under Section 9050.
 - (2) Creditor claims filed, including the date of filing the claim, the name of the claim, the amount of the claim, and the action taken in the claim.
- (3) Creditor claims not paid, setisfied, or adequately 24 provided for. As to each such claim, the statement shall 25 indicate whether the claim is due and the date due, the 26 date any notice of rejection was given, and whether the creditor has brough an action on the claim. The statement shall identify any real or personal property that is security for the claim, whether by mortgage, deed of trust, lien, or other encumbrance.

SEC. 17. Section 10954 of the Protecte Code is 31 32 amended to read:

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the personal representative is not required to file an account if any of the following conditions is satisfied as to each person entitled to distribution from the estate:
- (1) The person has executed and filed a witten waiver of account or a written acknowledgment that the person's interest has been satisfied.

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Adequate provision has been made for satisfaction in full of the person's interest. This paragraph does not apply to a residuary devisee or a devisee whose interest 4 in the estate is subject to abatement, payment of expenses or accrual of interest or income.

(b) A vaiver or acknowledgment under subdivision

(a) shall be executed as follows:

(1) If the person entitled to distribution is an adult and

9 competent, by that person.

(2) If the person entitled to distribution is a minor, by a person authorized to receive money or property belonging to the minor. If the waiver or acknowledgment 13 is executed by a mardian of the estate of the minor, the 14 waiver or acknowledgment may be executed without the 15 need to obtain approval of the Jourt in which the 16 guardianship proceeding is pending.

(3) If the person entitled to distribution is a 18 conservatee, by the conservater of the estate of the conservatee. The waive or acknowledgment may be executed without the need to obtain approval of the court in which the concervatorship proceeding is

pending.

23 (4) If the person entitled to distribution is a trust, by 24 the trustee, but only if the named trustee's written acceptance of the trust stilled with the court. In the case of a trust that is subject to the colutinuing jurisdiction of the court pursuant to Chapter (commencing with Section 17300) of Vart 5 of Division 9, the waiver or acknowledgment may be executed without the need to obtain approval f the court.

(5) If the person entitled to distribution is an estate, by the personal representative of the estate. The waiver or acknowledgment may be executed without the need to obtain approval of the court in which the estate is being

35 administered.

> (6) If I the person entitled distribution to incapacitated, unborn, unascertained, or is a person whose identity or address is unknown, or is a designated class of persons who are not ascertained or are not in being, and there is a guardian ad litem appointed to

I represent the person entitled to distribution, by the guardian ad litem.

- (7) If the person entitled to distribution has 4 designated an attorney in fact who has the power under 5 the power of attorney to execute the waiver or acknowledgment, by either of the following:
- (A) The person entitled to distribution if an adult and 8 competent.
 - (B) The attorne in fact.

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(c) Notwithstanding subdivision

- 11 (1) The personal representative shall file a final report 12 of administration at the time the final account would 13 otherwise have been required. The final report shall 14 include the amount of compensation paid or payable to 15 the personal representative and shall set forth the basis 16 for determining the amount
- 17 (2) A creditor whose interest has not been satisfied 18 may petition under Section 10950 for an account. 19 SEC. 18. Section 11000 of the Probate Code is
 - amended to read:
- 11000. (a) The perional representative shall give 22 notice of the hearing a provided in Section 1220 to all of the following person
 - (1) The person lifted in Section 1220.
- (2) Each know heir whose interest in the estate 26 would be affected by the account.
 - (3) Each known devisee whose interest in the estate would be affected by the account.
- (4) The Attorney General, at the office of the Attorney 30 General in Scramento, if any portion of the estate is to escheat to the state and its interest would be affected by 32 the account.
- (5) If he estate is insolvent, each creditor who has 34 filed a caim that is allowed or approved bullis unpaid in 35 whole **f**r in part.
- (b) If the petition for approval of the account requests 37 allowince of all or a portion of the compensation of the 38 personal representative, the notice of hearing shall so staile.
 - (c) If the account is a final account and is filed

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together with a petition for an order for final distribution of the estate, the notice of hearing shall so state.

SEC. 19. Section 11003 of the Probate Code 3 4 amended to lead:

- (a) If the court determines that the contest 11003. 6 was without reasonable cause and in bad faith, the court may award against the contestant the compensation and costs of the personal representative and other expenses and costs of litigation, including attorney's fees, incurred 10 to defend the account. The amount awarded is a charge against any interest of the contestant in the estate and the 12 contestant is personally liable for any amount that 13 remains unsatisfied.
- (b) If the court determines that the opposition to the 15 contest was without reasonable cause and in bad faith, the 16 court may award the contestant the costs of the 17 contestant and other expenses and costs of litigation, 18 including attorney's fees, in turned to contest the account. The amount awarded **a** charge against the 20 compensation other oriterest of the personai 21 representative in the estate and the 22 representative is liable personally and on the bond, if any, for any amount that ren ains ut satisfied.

SEC. 20. Section 2205 of the Probate Code is amended to read:

- 12205. (a) The court may reduce the compensation of the personal representative or the attorney for the personal representative by an amount the court determines to be appropriate if the court makes all of the following determinations:
- (1) The tire taken for administration of the estate exceeds the ame required by this chapter or prescribed by the cour
- (2) The time taken was within the control of the personal representative or attorney whose compensation is bein reduced.
- (3) The delay was not in the best interest of the estate or interested persons.
- 39 An order under this section reducing 40 compensation may be made regardless whether:

(1) The empensation otherwise allowable under Part 2 7 (commencing with Section 10800) would be reasonable compensation for the services rendered by the personal representative.

(2) The compensation otherwise paid or to be paid to the attorney for the personal representative would be considered reasonable compensation for the services

rendered by the attorney.

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(c) An order under this section may be made on any of the following hearings:

(1) The hearing for final distribution.

(2) The hearing for an allowance on the compensation of the personal representative.

(3) The hearing under Section 9644 to review the compensation of the attorney for the personal 16 representative.

(d) In making a determination inder this section, the 18 court shall take into account any action taken under

Section 12202 as a result of previous delay.

20 (e) If the court determines that the attorney for the 21 personal representative has received compensation in 22 excess of the reduced amount allowed under this section, the court shall order the attorney to make an appropriate 24 refund.

SEC. 21. Section 1640 of the Probate Code is amended to read:

15640. A trustee who has accepted the trust may resign only by one of the following methods:

(a) As provided in the trust instrument.

(b) In the case of a revocable trult, with the consent

of the person holding the power to revoke the trust.

(c) In the case of a trust that is not revocable, with the 33 consent of all adult beneficiaries who are receiving or are entitled to receive income under the trust or to receive 35 a distribution of principal if the trust were terminated at 36 the time consent is sought. If a beneficiary has a 37 conservator, the conservator may consent to the trustee's 38 resignation on behalf of the conservated without 39 obtaining court approval. Without limiting the power of 40 the beneficiary to consent to the trustee's resignation, if

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the beneficiary has designated an attorney in fact who has 2 the power that the power of attorney to consent to the 3 trustee's resignation, the attorney in fact may consent to the resignation

- (d) Pursuan to a court order obtained on petition by 6 the trustee under Section 17200. The court shall accept the trustee's resignation and may make any orders necessary for the preservation of the trust property, including the appointment of a receiver or a temporary 10 trustee.
- Section 15642 of the Propose Code is 11 SEC. 22. 12 amended to read:
- 15642. (a) A trustee may be removed in accordance 14 with the trust instrument by the court on its own motion, or on petition of a settlor, totrustee for beneficiary under 16 Section 17200.
- (b) The grounds for removal of a trustee by the court 18 include the following:
- (1) Where the trustee has committed a breach of the 20 trust.
 - (2) Where the trustee is inselvent or otherwise unfit to administer the trust.
- (3) Where hostility of lack of cooperation among 24 cotrustees impairs the dministration of the trust.
 - (4) Where the trustee fails or declines to act.
- 26 (5) Where the trastee's compensation is excessive 27 under the circumstances.
 - (6) For other good cause.
- (c) If it appear to the court that trust property or the 29 30 interests of a beneficiary may suffer less or injury pending a decision on a petition for removal of a trustee and any 31 appellate review, the court may, on it own motion or on 33 petition of a cotrustee or beneficiary, compel the trustee 34 whose removal is sought to surrender thust property to a 35 cotrustee of to a receiver or temporary thustee. The court 36 may also suspend the powers of the trusted to the extent 37 the count deems necessary.
- 38 SEC 23. Section 15645 is added to the Probate Code. 39 to read
- 40 15645. If the trustee of a trust that is not revocable has

1 refused to transfer administration of the trust to a successor trust company on request of the beneficiaries 3 described in subdivision (c) of Section 15640 and the 4 court in subsequent proceedings under Section 17200 makes an order removing the existing trustee and appointing a trust company as successor trustee, the court may, in its discretion, award costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the petitioner in the proceeding to be paid by the trustee or from the trust as ordered by the court.

SEC. 24. Section 15660 of the Probate Code is 12 amended to read:

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15660. (a) If the trust has no trustee or if the trust 14 instrument requires a vacancy in the office of a cotrustee 15 to be filled, the vacancy shall be filed as provided in this 16 section.

- (b) If the trust instrument provides a practical method 18 of appointing a trustee or name the person to fill the 19 vacancy, the vacancy shall be filled as provided in the 20 trust instrument.
- (c) If the vacancy in the office of trustee is not filled 22 as provided in subdivision (b) the vacancy may be filled 23 by a trust company that has agreed to accept the trust on 24 agreement of all adult beneficiaries who are receiving or 25 are entitled to receive in ome under the trust or to 26 receive a distribution of principal if the trust were 27 terminated at the time the agreement is made. If a 28 beneficiary has a conservator, the conservator may agree 29 to the successor trusted on behalf of the conservatee 30 without obtaining cour approval. Without limiting the 31 power of the beneficiary to agree to the successor trustee, 32 if the beneficiary has designated an attorney in fact who 33 has the power under the power of attorney to agree to 34 the successor trustee, the attorney in fact may agree to 35 the successor truste.
- (d) If the vacarcy in the office of trustee is not filled 37 as provided in subdivision (b) or (c), on petition of a 38 cotrustee or ben ficiary, the court may, in its distretion, appoint a trusted to fill the vacancy. If the trust physides 40 for more than one trustee, the court may, in its discletion,

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appoint the original number or any lesser number 2 trustees. In selecting a trustee, the court shall give 3 consideration to the wishes of the beneficiaries who are 4 14 years of age or lider.

SEC. 25. Section 15686 is added to the Probate Code, to read:

15686. (a) As used in this section, "trastee's fee" 8 includes, but is not limited to, the trustee's periodic base 9 fee, rate of percentage compensation, minimum fee, 10 hourly rate, and transaction charge, but does not include 11 fees for extraordinary ervices. 12

(b) A trustee may not charge an increased trustee's 13 fee for administration of a particular trust unless the 14 trustee first gives at least 60 days' written notice of that 15 increased fee to each beneficiary of the trust whose 16 interest may be affected by the increased fee.

(c) If a beneficiary files petition under Section 17200 18 for review of the increased trustee's fee or for removal of 19 the trustee and serves a dopy of the petition on the trustee before the expiration of the 60-day period, the increased trustee's fee does not take effect as to that trust until otherwise ordered by he court or the petition is dismissed.

SEC. 26. Section 1720 of the Probate Code is 25 amended to read:

(a) Except as provided in Section 15800, a 17200. trustee or beneficiary of a trust may petition the court under this chapter conderning the internal affairs of the trust or to determine the existence of the trust.

(b) Proceedings concerning the internal affairs of a trust include, but are not limited to, proceedings for any of the following purposes:

(1) Determining questions of construction of a trust instrument.

(2) Determining the existence or nonexistence of any 36 immunity, power privilege, duty, or right.

(3) Determining the validity of a trust provision.

(4) Ascertaining beneficiaries and determining to 38 39 whom property shall pass or be delivered upon final or 40 partial termination of the trust, to the extent the

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- determination is not made by the trust instrument.

 (5) Settling the accounts and passing upon the acts of 3 the trustee, including the exercise of discretionary 4 powers.
 - (6) Instructing the rustee.

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- (7) Compelling the trustee to report information 7 about the trust or account to the beneficiary, if (A) the 8 trustee has failed to submit a requested report or account 9 within 60 days after written request of the beneficiary and (B) no report or account has been made within six 11 months preceding the request.
 - (8) Granting powers to the trustee.
- (9) Fixing or allowing payment of the trustee's compensation or reviewing the reasonableness of the 15 trustee's compensation.
 - (10) Appointing or removil a trustee.
 - (11) Accepting the resignation of a trustee.
- (12) Compelling redress of a preach of the trust by any 19 available remedy.
- (13) Approving or directing the modification or 21 termination of the trust.
- (14) Approving or directing the combination or 23 division of trusts.
- (15) Amending or conforming the trust instrument in 24 25 the manner required to qualify a decedent's estate for the 26 charitable estate tax deduction inder federal law, addition of mandatory governing 27 including the 28 instrument requirements for a charitable remainder trust 29 as required by final regulations and rulings of the United 30 States Internal Revenue Service, in and case in which all 31 parties interested in the trust have submitted written 32 agreement to the proposed changes or written disclaimer 33 of interest.
- (16) Authorizing or directing transfer of a trust or 34 35 trust property to or from another jurisdiction.
- (17) Directing transfer of a testamentary trust subject 36 37 to continuing court jurisdiction from one county to 38 another.
- (18) Approving removal of a testamentary trust from 40 continuing court jurisdiction.

- 1 (19) Reforming or excusing compliance with the governing instrument of an organization pursuant to Section 16105.
- (a) The following sections of the Probate 4 SEC. 27. Code, as amended by this act, do not apply in any proceeding for administration of a decedent's estate commenced before January 1, 1991:
 - (1) Section 7623.
- 9 (2) Section 7662.
- 10 (3) Section 7666.
- 11 (4) Section 8547.
- 12 (5) Section 9651.
- 13 (6) Section 10900.
- 14 (7) Section 10954.
- 15 (8) Section 11000.
- 16 (9) Section 11003.
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- 18 (10) Section 12205.
- (b) The sections listed in subdivision (a), as those 19 sections existed prior to their amendment by this act, 20 21 continue to apply in any proceeding for administration of 22 a decedent's estate commenced before January 1, 1991, 23 notwithstanding their amendment by this act. 24
- (c) Sections 950, 901, 902, 903, 904, 910, and 911 of the Probate Code continue to apply in any proceeding for 25 administration of a decedent's estate commenced before January 1, 1991, notwithstanding their releal by this act.
- 28 SEC. 28. Section 9.5 of this act shall become operative 29 on July 1 1991, and on that date the remaining sections 30 of this et, other than Section 1, Section 27, and this 31 section, are repealed.



- SEC. 3. Section 10406 of the Probate Code, as added by Chapter 79 of the Statutes of 1990, is amended to read:
- 10406. (a) Subject to subdivision (b), this part applies in any case where authority to administer the estate is granted under this part or where independent administration authority was granted under prior law.
- (b) If the personal representative was granted independent administration authority prior to July 1, 1988, the personal representative may use that existing authority on and after July 1, 1988, to borrow money on a loan secured by an encumbrance upon real property, whether or not that existing authority includes the authority to sell real property.
- (c) Sections 10404.5, 10501, 10565, and 10585.5 ef-the former-Probate-Code (repealed by the act enacting this code), as those sections existed on January 1, 1991, do not apply in any proceeding for administration of a decedent's estate commenced before January July 1, 1991. Notwithstanding its repeal, Section 10501 of the former Probate Code (repealed by the act enacting this code), as that section existed on December 31, 1990, continues to apply in any proceeding for administration of a decedent's estate commenced before January July 1, 1991.
- SEC. 4. Section 10585.5 of the Probate Code, as added by Chapter 79 of the Statutes of 1990, is amended to read:
- 10585.5. (a) If, pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 10580, the personal representative gives notice of proposed action with respect to the exercise of <u>any of</u> the powers granted by Section 10565 (hiring and paying attorneys, advisers, and others to advise or assist in the administration of the estate):
- (1) The notice of proposed action shall include, in addition to the information required by Section 10585, an estimate of the total amount of compensation to be paid to the person hired.
- (2) If the person hired is an attorney, each person given notice of proposed action shall also be provided with a copy of the written fee contract made pursuant to Section 6148 of the Business and Professions Code.

- (3) If the person hired is not an attorney, each person given notice of proposed action shall also be provided with a copy of the written contract, if any, governing the hiring and compensation.
- (b) If it appears that the total amount of compensation to be paid to the person hired will exceed the amount of the last previous estimate given in a notice of proposed action, the personal representative may give another notice of proposed action stating a new estimate of the total amount of compensation to be paid to the person.
- (c) Section 10590 does not apply to the extent that the compensation paid or to be paid exceeds the amount of the estimate contained in the notice of proposed action most recently given.
- SEC. 5. Section 10850 of the Probate Code, as added by Chapter 79 of the Statutes of 1990, is amended to read:
- 10850. (a) This part does not apply in any proceeding for administration of a decedent's estate commenced before January July 1, 1991.
- (b) Notwithstanding its repeal, the applicable law in effect before January July 1, 1991, governing the subject matter of this part continues to apply in any proceeding for administration of a decedent's estate commenced before January July 1, 1991.
- SEC. 6. Section 10900 of the Probate Code, as added by Chapter 79 of the Statutes of 1990, is amended to read:
- 10900. (a) An account shall include both a financial statement as provided in subdivision (b) and a report of administration as provided in subdivision (c).
- (b) The financial statement shall include a summary statement, together with supporting schedules, of:
 - (1) Property in all inventories.
 - (2) Receipts, excluding property listed in an inventory.
 - (3) Gains on sales.
 - (4) Other acquisitions of property.
 - (5) Disbursements.
 - (6) Losses on sales.
 - (7) Other dispositions of property.

- (8) Property remaining on hand.
- (c) The report of administration shall state the liabilities of the estate, including creditor claims, the hiring and payment of and compensation paid or payable to any persons hired under Section 9680 who have been or are to be paid out of funds of the estate, and all other matters necessary to show the condition of the estate.
- (d) The statement of liabilities in the report of administration shall include the following information:
 - (1) Whether notice to creditors was given under Section 9050.
- (2) Creditor claims filed, including the date of filing the claim, the name of the claimant, the amount of the claim, and the action taken on the claim.
- (3) Creditor claims not paid, satisfied, or adequately provided for. As to each such claim, the statement shall indicate whether the claim is due and the date due, the date any notice of rejection was given, and whether the creditor has brought an action on the claim. The statement shall identify any real or personal property that is security for the claim, whether by mortgage, deed of trust, lien, or other encumbrance.
 - SEC. 7. This act shall become operative on July 1, 1991.

Amendment 17

On page 14, line 24, strike out "SEC. 17." and insert: SEC. 15.

Amendment 18

On page 15, line 12, strike out "SEG. 18." and insert: SEC. 16.

Amendment 19

On page 15, line 23, strike out "SEC. 19." and insert: SEC. 17.

Amendment 20

On page 16, line 13, strike out "SEC. 20." and insert: SEC. 18.

Amendment 21

On page 16, line 28, strike out "SEC. 21." and insert: SEC. 19.

Amendment 22

On page 17, between lines 8 and 9, insert:

SEC. 20. Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 9680) is added to Part 5 of Division 7 of the Probate Code, as added by Chapter 79 of the Statutes of 1990, to read:

CHAPTER 2.5. COMPENSATION OF ESTATE ATTORNEY

- 9680. (a) The compensation of the attorney for the personal representative shall be determined in the same manner as was provided in Sections 900 to 911, inclusive, of the Probate Code repealed by Section 13 of Chapter 79 of the Statutes of 1990.
- (b) Any rules adopted by the Judicial Council to implement this section shall apply notwithstanding any other provision of this code.

Amendment 23

On page 17, line 9, strike out "SEC. 22." and insert: SEC. 21.

Amendment 24

On page 17, line 39, strike out "SEC. 23." and insert: SEC. 22.

Amendment 25

On page 18, line 14, strike out "SEC. 24." and insert: SEC. 23.

Amendment 26

On page 18, line 20, strike out "SEC. 25." and insert: SEC. 24.

Amendment 27

On page 19, line 11, strike out "SEC. 26." and insert: SEC. 25.

Amendment 28

On page 20, line 20, strike out "SEC. 27." and insert: SEC. 26.

Amendment 29

On page 20, line 38, strike out "SEC. 28." and insert: SEC. 27.

Amendment 30

On page 21, line 4, strike out "SEC. 29." and insert: SEC. 28.

Amendment 31

On page 21, between lines 10 and 11, insert:

SEC. 29. Section 37 of Chapter 79 of the Statutes of 1990 is amended to read:

SEC. 37. This act shall become operative only if Assembly Bill 831 of the 1989 90 Regular Session is chaptered and takes effect on or before January 1, 1991, in which case this bill shall become operative on July 1, 1991.

SEC. 30. Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 9680), as added by Section 20 of this Act, to Part 5 of Division 7 of the Probate Code enacted by Chapter 79 of the Statutes of 1990, shall become operative only if Assembly Bill 831 of the 1989-90 Regular Session is not enacted, and if Assembly Bill 831 of the 1989-90 Regular Session is enacted, Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 9680), as added by Section 20 of this Act, to Part 5 of Division 7 of the Probate Code enacted by Chapter 79 of the Statutes of 1990, shall be repealed on the date that Chapter 79 of the Statutes of 1990 becomes operative.

Amendment 32

On page 21, line 11, strike out "SEC. 30." and insert: SEC. 31.